# SINET5 update

#### National Institute of Informatics, Japan 1 August 2016

# **New Directions for Academic Infrastructure**

SINET5 plan has been approved as one of the most important projects for research and education by the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT).



## Timeline

87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
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												Node deployment in all prefecture, high reliability of edge nodes																						

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# **Opening Ceremony of SINET5**

#### Opening Ceremony of SINET5 was held in Tokyo on 25 May 2016



# **Science Information Network (SINET)**

- SINET is a Japanese academic backbone network for more than 800 universities and research institutions, and for about 3 million users.
- ◆ SINET covers 100% of national, 84% of municipal, and 59% of private universities.



# **International Lines of SINET5**

- SINET5 has direct international lines to USA, Europe, and Asia.
  - USA: 100-Gbps line to Los Angeles, 10-Gbps line to New York, and 10-Gbps backup line
  - Europe: Two 10-Gbps lines to London for small latency
  - Asia: 10-Gbps line to Singapore



## High-Performance, Reliable, and SDN-friendly

SINET5 directly connects each pair of IP routers by the smallest-latency MPLS-TP path and the disjoint path to it. This fully-meshed topology creates a high-performance, reliable, and SDN-friendly backbone network.



# **Transmission Devices and Service Nodes**

The ROADMs connect adjacent /distant nodes with wavelength paths, and the MPLS-TP devices establish disjoint MPLS-TP paths between each pair of nodes.



# **Multi-layered High Reliability**

- 3. Even in the event that both of the logical paths (i.e. primary and secondary) between two nodes are interrupted, routers autonomously form an alternative route within a few seconds, limiting the impact on user transmissions as much as possible.
- 2. Where two nodes are connected by two logical paths (primary and secondary) and the active path is severed, transmission rapidly switches over to the alternative route via the reserve logical path, and communication continues with no packet loss. Dual logical paths are arranged in an alternative redundancy route configuration, ensuring that the two paths do not affect one another.
- 1. Each node is connected to another by at least two or more alternative optical fiber routes, increasing the SINET5's resistance to network failures in the event of optical fibers being severed.



## **Joint Procurement of Access Lines**

To achieve higher bandwidths with lower cost, we employ dark fiber + WDM device combination for access lines.

Flexible acceleration is possible by adding the WDM interfaces as necessary.



# **Traffic Demands for SINET**

The traffic volumes from research projects and cloud services are expected to steadily grow nationwide. SINET5 needs to prepare sufficient network bandwidth for these purposes by taking into account the end-to-end performance.



fields have been steadily growing.

are relocated to cloud datacenters. © 2016 National Institute of Informatics

# **Usage of VPN Services**

#### VPN services have been very popular.

#### Connection

points

